



Frontline vaccination with the B-cell peptide compound HER-Vaxx (IMU-131), combined with standard-of-care chemotherapy induces high levels of HER2-specific antibodies mediating ADCC and intracellular phosphorylation inhibition resulting in overall survival benefit in patients with HER2+ metastatic or advanced gastric/GEJ adenocarcinoma – Final results from Phase II/HERIZON study

Joshua Tobias*1, Michael Kundi¹, E. Garner-Spitzer¹, Christoph Zielinski², Marina Maglakelidze³, Zoran Andric⁴, Zoran Petrovic⁵, Rajnish Nagarkar⁶, Tanuj Chawla⁷, Leslie Mi Ok Chong⁸, Bonnie Nixon⁸, Sharon Yavrom⁸, Nicholas J. Ede⁸, Ursula Wiedermann*¹

1Medical University of Vienna, Austria; 2Central European Cancer Center, Wiener Privatklinik, and Central European Cooperative Oncology Group (CECOG), Vienna, Austria; 3ARENSIA Exploratory Medicine LLC, Tbilisi, Georgia; 4Clinical Hospital Center Bezanijska Kosa, Belgrade, Serbia; 5Military Medical Academy, Belgrade, Serbia; 6CG Manavata Cancer Centre, Nashik, India; 7Tata Medical Centre, Kolkata, India; 8Imugene Limited, Sydney, Australia

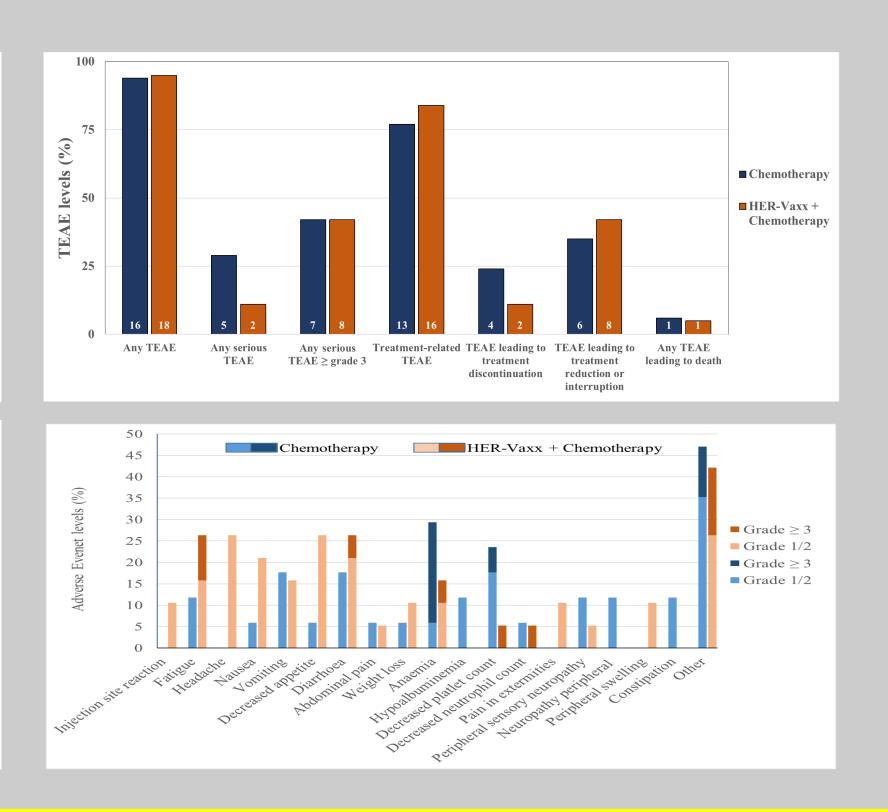
Introduction

- HER2, a member of the epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) family, is overexpressed in 6%-30% of gastric cancers
- HER-Vaxx is a B cell peptide-based anti-HER2 vaccine (IMU-131) comprising binding site of trastuzumab (Herceptin®)¹
- HER-Vaxx has been shown (Phase Ib, NCT02795988) to be safe and to prolong progression-free survival in patients with HER2overexpressing gastric/gastro-esophageal junction cancer (GC)^{2,3}
- Interim Phase II evaluation of the vaccine has shown a clinically meaningful increase in overall survival when added to standard-of-care chemotherapy^{4,5,6}

HER-Vaxx increased OS and PFS

| + CENSOR | + CENSOR | + CENSOR | | + CENSOR | +

HER-Vaxx was not associated with safety concerns

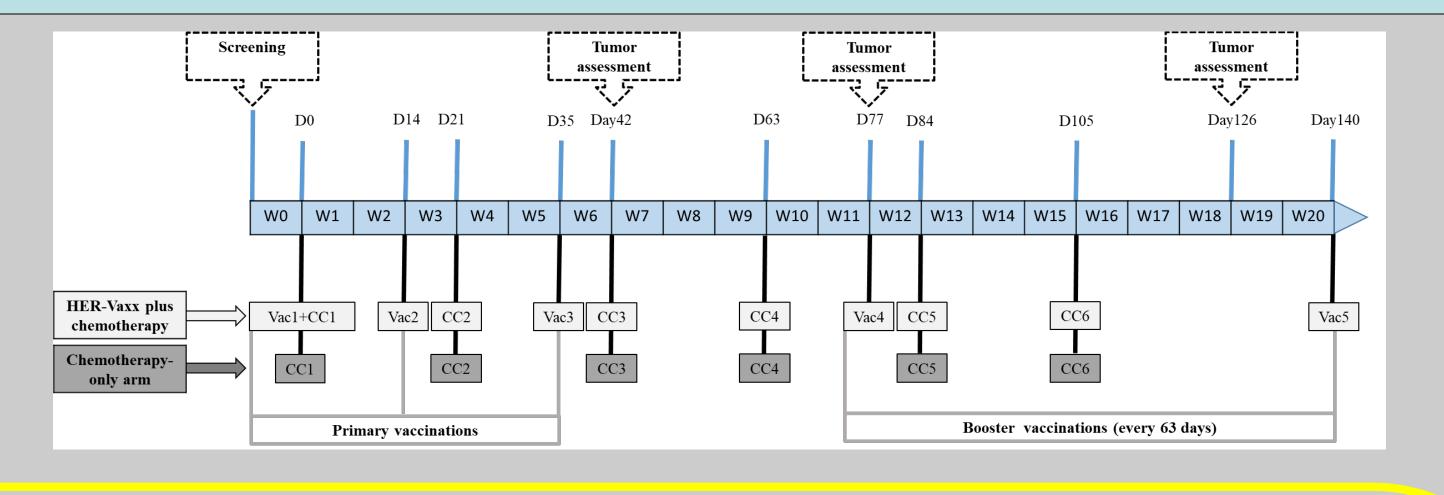


Aim

This randomized phase II open-label, multi-center study in patients with metastatic/advanced HER2 overexpressing GC aimed to evaluate: * Clinical efficacy (overall survival, progression-free survival) of HER-Vaxx plus chemotherapy compared to chemotherapy alone * Antibody response to HER-Vaxx and their functionality, and correlation with the clinical responses

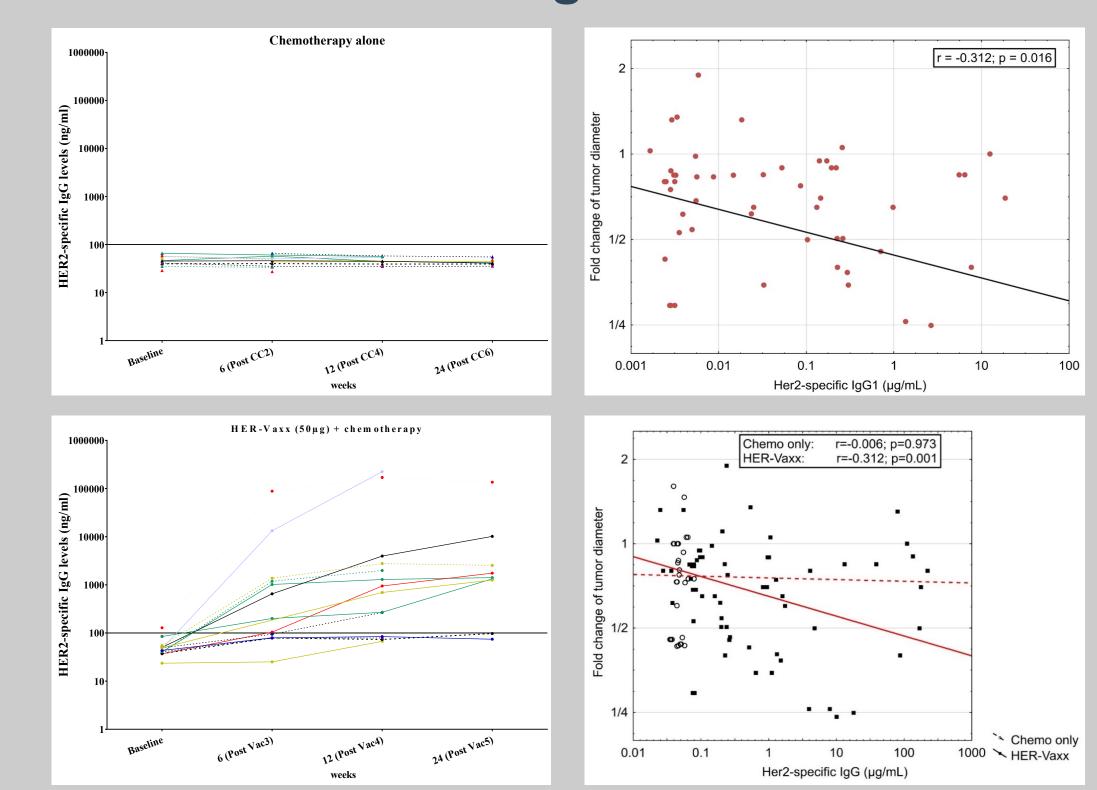
Methods

- Patients were randomized to chemotherapy alone (n=17) or HER-Vaxx together with chemotherapy (n=19).
- Clinical response was assessed by RECIST 1.1.
- ELISA, ADCC and flow cytometry assays were applied for the assessment and characterization of the HER-Vaxx-induced antibodies

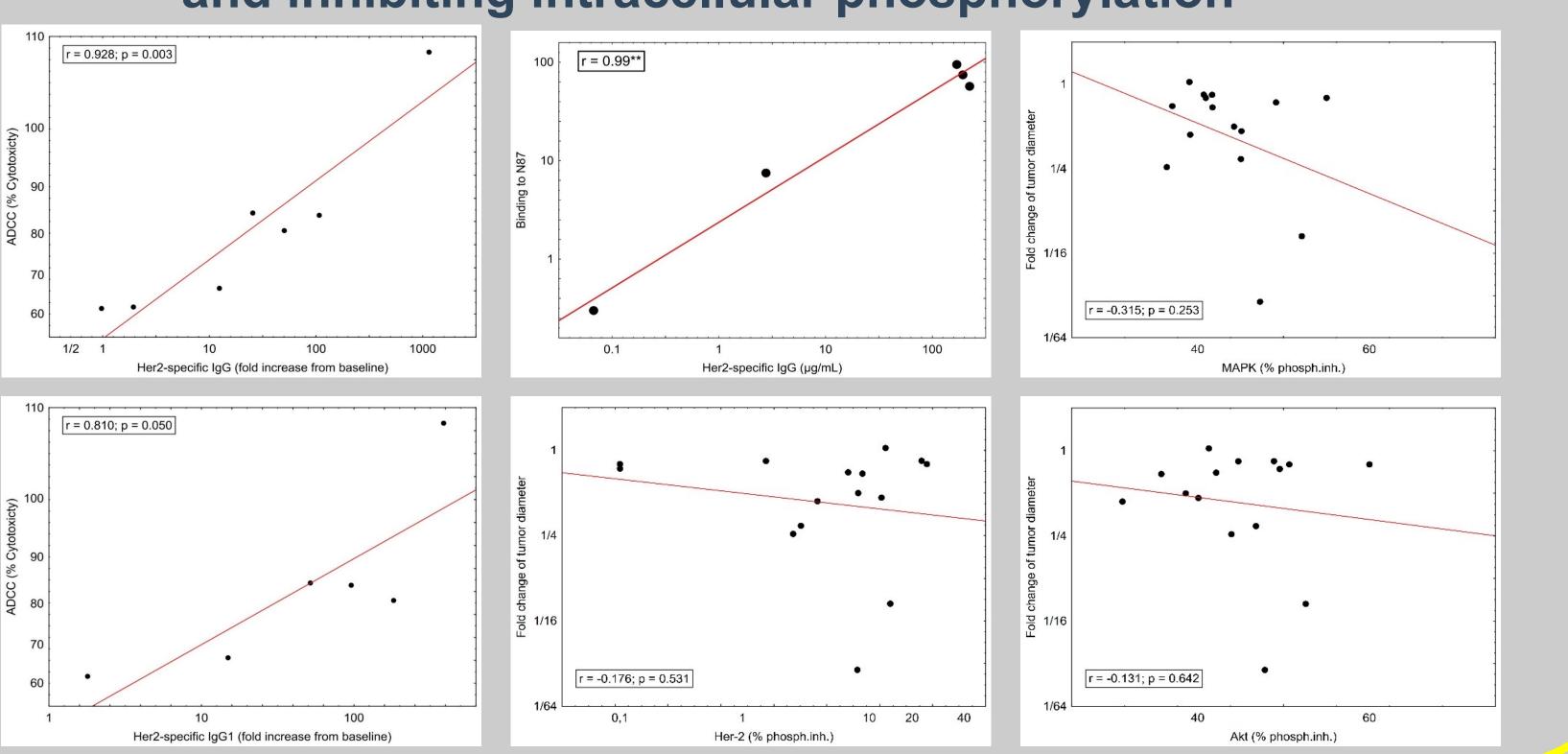


Results

HER-Vaxx induced significant levels of HER2-specific IgG and IgG1 antibodies correlating with tumor size reduction



HER-Vaxx induced antibodies mediating ADCC, binding to HER2-expressing gastric carcinoma cells, and inhibiting intracellular phosphorylation



Conclusions

- Compared to chemotherapy alone, vaccination with HER-Vaxx was associated with a 40% overall survival benefit
- No additive vaccine-associated toxicity was observed
- HER-Vaxx treatment produced robust anti-HER2-IgG and IgG1 antibody response (p<0.001)
- HER-Vaxx induced HER2-specific antibodies able to mediate antibody-dependent cell cytotoxicity (ADCC) and inhibit intracellular HER2 phosphorylation, and correlated with tumor reduction
- Our reults further validate the proof of concept for a first-in-class B-cell immunotherapy based on HER2 peptides.

References

- 1. Tobias, J., et al. BMC Cancer 2017;17(1), 118.
- 2. Wiedermann, U., et al. Clin Cancer Res. 2021;27(13), 3649-60.
- 3. Maglakelidze, M., et al. *Cancer Res*, 2021; 81 (13_Supplement), CT107.
- 4. Maglakelidze, M., et.al. ESMO Asia Poster. 2022,
- **5.** Tobias, J., et al. *Annals of Oncology*, 2023, 34, S4.
- 6. Tobias, J., et al. Annals of Oncology, 2023. 34: S864.

Acknowledgment

The authors thank all the patients and their families for their contribution to this study, the PIs of the study, and the staff at the clinical sites for help in collecting the clinical samples.

Contacts: joshua.tobias@meduniwien.ac.at, ursula.wiedermann@meduniwien.ac.at, syavrom@imugene.com